

For the quantitative determination of human RBP4 concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.

INTRODUCTION

Retinol-binding protein 4 (RBP4) is a 21 kDa protein primarily involved in the transport of retinol (vitamin A) from the liver to target tissues. It is the only specific transport protein for retinol in the blood. RBP4 is synthesized mainly in the liver and adipose tissue, with smaller contributions from other tissues such as the lungs, kidneys, and brain. Its production may be influenced by nutritional status and metabolic conditions. Elevated levels of RBP4 have been associated with various metabolic and cardiovascular disorders, including type 2 diabetes, insulin resistance, obesity, and cardiovascular disease. It has pro-inflammatory activity and is associated with diabetic retinopathy and other inflammatory conditions.

Tribioscience's Fast Human RBP4 ELISA is designed to quantitatively detect human RBP4 levels in serum, plasma, and other biological samples. The main feature is that the kit uses our novel proprietary approaches to combine samples and detections into a one-step instead of the complicated traditional methods. It makes the assay simple, easy, accurate and fast. The hands-on time can be within 2 hours, not need 4-5 hours (Fig. 1). The detection range is from 1 to 100 ng/mL. The levels of human RBP4 samples are parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards linearly. Therefore, the kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural human RBP4 protein.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs our novel proprietary sandwich enzyme immunoassay techniques (see Fig. 1). A monoclonal antibody specific for human RBP4 is pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards or samples and an HRP-conjugated detection antibody are pipetted into the wells and concurrently incubated to form a sandwich complex in one step. Following a simple wash, an **ultra-sensitive TMB substrate solution** is added to the wells for color development. The color intensity is proportional to the amount of RBP4 bound in the initial step. The intensity of the color is measured by plate reading at 450 nm.

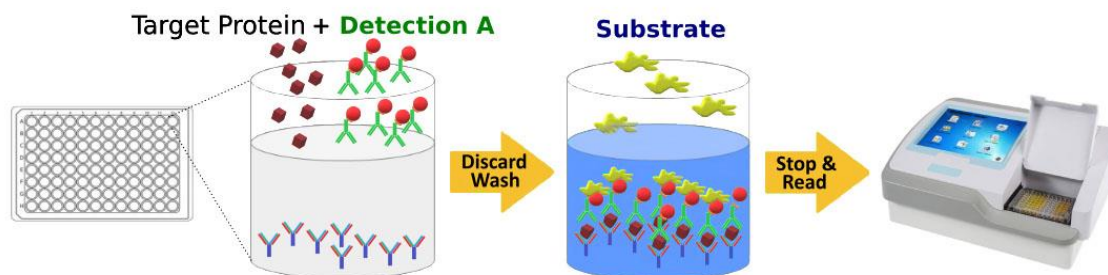


Fig.1: Simple ELISA procedure

KIT CONTENT AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

PART	PART#	DESCRIPTION	STORAGE CONDITIONS
Human RBP4 Microplate	TBS32110A	96 well strip microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a human RBP4 monoclonal antibody.	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack. Reseal along the entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8°C.
Human RBP4 Standard	TBS32110B	50 µL of Recombinant human RBP4 protein (ng/mL).	Aliquot and store at -20°C for up to 1 month in a manual defrost freezer. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Detection A	TBS32110C	2.2 mL of HRP-Human RBP4 antibody.	May be stored for up to 3 months at 2-8°C.*
Assay Diluent	TBS32110D	15 mL of a buffered protein base with preservatives.	
Wash Buffer	TBS3000W	12 mL of concentrated solution (10x).	
TMB Substrate	TBS3000T	12 mL of ultra-sensitive TMB substrate.	
Stop Solution	TBS3000S	6 mL of 2 N sulfuric acid.	

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date.

PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

REAGENT PREPARATION

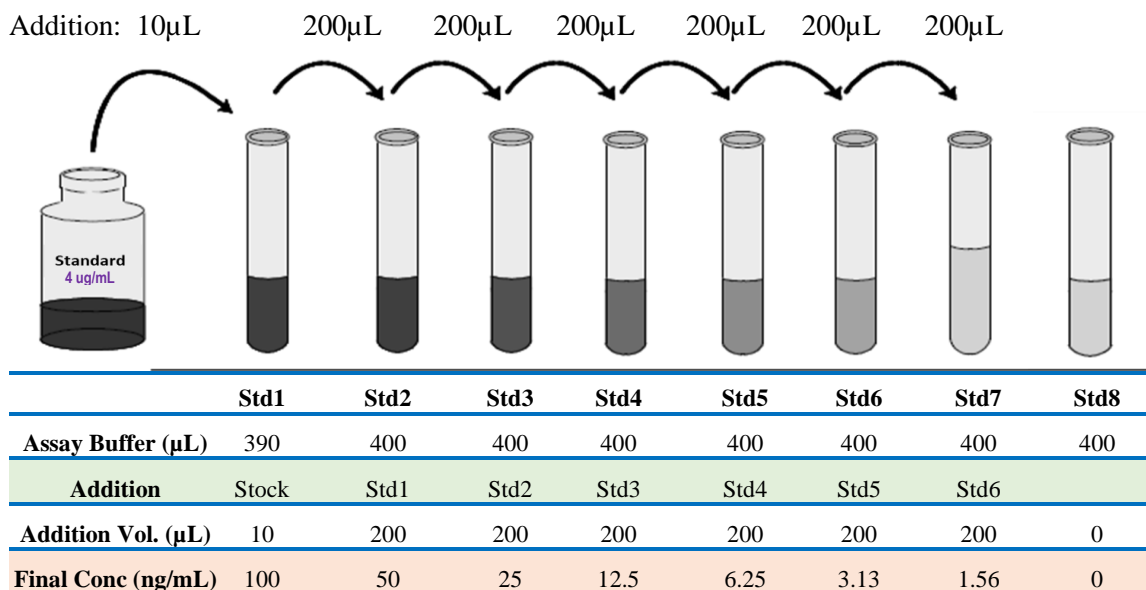
Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer: Add 12 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x) to 108 mL of deionized distilled water to prepare 120 mL of Wash Buffer (*If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved*).

Human RBP4 Standard Preparation: Label test tubes as #1 through #8. Pipet 390 μ L of 1x Assay Diluent into tube #1, and 200 μ L into tubes #2 to #8 **as diagram below**.

1. Add 10 μ L of the Human RBP4 Standard stock solution (4 μ g/mL) to tube #1 and mix to make 100ng/mL Standard.
2. Make 2x serial dilutions of the standard using the Tube#1(100 ng/mL standard solution) from Tube #2 through #7 with sequential transfer of 200 μ L to the next concentration. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The standard concentration in tube 1 through 7 will be 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25, 3.13, and 1.56 ng/mL. Tube# 8 is Standard 8 (0 pg/mL)

Fig.2 Diagram for Human RBP4 standard preparation



ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, controls, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

1. Add 80 μ L of standard, sample, or control per well.
2. Add 20 μ L of **Detection A** to the above standard and sample of each well, thoroughly mix. Cover with the adhesive sealer. Incubate at **RT for 2 hours with shaking**.
3. Aspirate each well, and wash for 3 times by filling each well with 200 μ L Wash Buffer (*Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance*). After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
4. Add 100 μ L of **TMB Substrate** to each well. Incubate **at RT for 10 – 20 minutes** (*Protect from light*). The color becomes blue.
5. Add 50 μ L of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the well should change from blue to yellow (gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing).
6. Determine the optical density of each well within 20 minutes, using a microplate reader at 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at

540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve using computer software capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the Y-axis against the concentration on the X-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the human RBP4 concentrations versus the log of the O.D, and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve ($R^2=0.9987$) is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. Fig. 3 is an example of typical Data.

SENSITIVITY

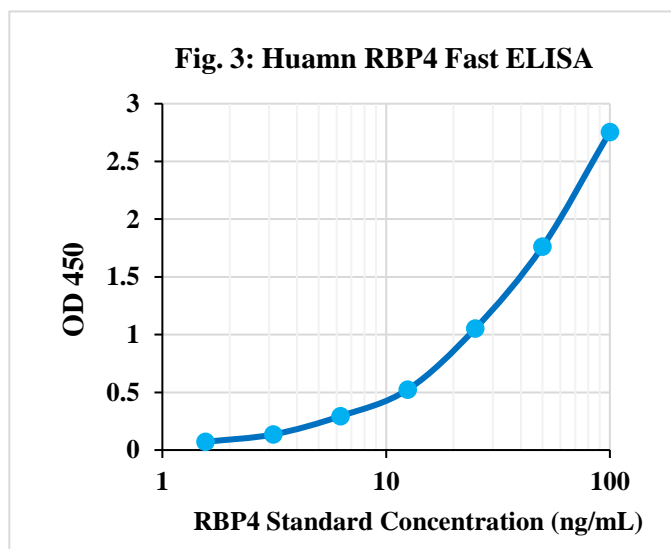
The minimum detectable dose (MOD) of human RBP4 is typically 0.2 ng/ml. The Intra-assay CV and the Inter-assay CV are <10%.

SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant human RBP4. No cross-reactivity with others.

RELATIVE PRODUCTS

- Human p-Tau-181 ELISA (TBS3294)
- Human Total Tau ELISA (TBS3295)
- Human p-Tau-231 ELISA (TBS3296)
- Human AD7 Human AD7C NTP (TBS3297)
- Human Amyloid β 40 ELISA (TBS3298)
- Human Amyloid β 42 ELISA (TBS3299)
- Human Total Amyloid Amyloid β ELISA (TBS32104)
- Human NF-L ELISA (TBS32101)
- Human IL-2 ELISA (TBS3220)
- Human IL-4 ELISA (TBS3221)
- Human IL-6 ELISA (TBS3223)
- Human IL-7 ELISA (TBS3224)
- Human IL-8 ELISA (TBS3225)
- Human IL-10 ELISA (TBS3226)
- Human IL-13 ELISA (TBS3227)
- Human IL-17 ELISA (TBS3228)
- Human IL-22 ELISA (TBS3229)
- Human IL-33 ELISA (TBS4245)
- Human IFN-gamma ELISA (TBS3230)
- Human TGF- β 1 ELISA (TBS3232)
- Human GM-CSF ELISA (TBS3233)
- Human MIP-1 α ELISA (TBS3234)
- Human TNF- α ELISA (TBS3235)
- Protein Assay Kit (Catalog# TBS2005)
- TMB Substrate System (Catalog#TBS5021)



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