

Adenosine 5'-triphosphate, Coenzyme

Catalog	Unit
TBP0094-1G	1 g
TBP0094-5G	5 g

Product Details

Form: Crystalline powder

Molecular Weight: 605.1

Solubility: Distilled water or dilute buffer

Stability: Store at -20° C (-4° F)

Unit Definition

- 0.1M Triethanolamine buffer/substrate, pH 7.6: 1.86 g TEA₃ HCl, 210 mg glycerate-3-P, 125 mg MgSO₄ 7H₂O and 50 mg EDTA with 80 ml distilled water. Adjust pH to 7.6 with 1M NaOH-Na₂ and adjust volume to 100 ml with distilled water.
- 14 mM NADH: 10 mg NADH-Na₂ with 1 ml distilled water.
- Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, from rabbit muscle: 10 mg protein/ml (80 U/mg).
- 3-Phosphoglycerate kinase, from yeast: 10 mg protein/ml (450 U/mg).

Applications

Adenosine 5'-triphosphate (ATP) is used in the assay of various ATP dependant enzymes (e.g. hexokinase, phosphoglycerate kinase, acetate kinase) and in the enzymatic determination of many metabolites (e.g. glucose, fructose, mannose, maltose, sucrose, triglycerides, creatinine, etc.) ATP is also a component of special pharmaceuticals.

Procedure

- Dissolve 25 mg ATP in 50 ml distilled water in a volumetric flask.
- Set spectrophotometer (equipped with strip chart recorder and temperature control) at 340 nm and 25° C. 3. Into a cuvette, pipette the following:

	BLANK	SAMPLE
Buffer/subst. (1)	2.90 ml	2.90 ml
NADH (2)	0.05 ml	0.05 ml
sample	- - -	0.10 ml
distilled H ₂ O	0.10 ml	- - -

Mix and read absorbance A₁. 4. To both blank and sample add:

GAP-DH (3)	0.02 ml	0.02 ml
PGK (4)	0.02 ml	0.02 ml

Mix and read the absorbance A₂ when the reaction is complete.

Calculation

$$\Delta A = (A_1 - A_2)_{\text{sample}} - (A_1 - A_2)_{\text{blank}}$$

$$\text{Total Vol.} = 3.09 \text{ ml}$$

$$605.2 = \text{MW of Adenosine}$$

5'-diphosphate

$$\text{Sample Vol.} = 0.10 \text{ ml}$$

$$\text{Concentration of ATP} = \frac{(3.09)(0.507)}{(0.63)(1)} \times \Delta A \text{ (mg/ml sample solution)}$$

$$\text{Concentration of ATP-Na}_2\text{H}_2\cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O} = \frac{(3.09)(0.605)}{(0.63)} \times \Delta A \text{ (mg/ml sample solution)}$$

$$\% \text{ ADP} = \frac{\text{concentration of AMP}}{\text{concentration of sample}} \times 100$$

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