Tribioscience

Cyclic GMP (cGMP) ELISA Kit (Colorimetric Assay)

Catalog Number: TBS2074

For the quantitative determination of cGMP concentrations in cell culture supernatants, tissue, and serum.

INTRODUCTION

Cyclic guanosine 3',5'-monophosphate (cGMP) is a critical and multifunctional second messenger molecule involved in many signal transduction pathways in different cell types. Intracellular cGMP is generated from GTP by guanylyl cyclase (GC) and degraded through phosphodiesterase (PDE) hydrolysis. A variety of stimuli including acetylcholine, insulin, oxytocin, serotonin, and histamine will cause an increase in cGMP levels. Cyclic GMP regulates cellular physiology by activating cGMP-dependent kinase, modulating cGMP-dependent ion channels or transporters. cGMP has been shown to be present at levels 10 to 100-fold lower than cAMP in most tissues, hence the constant efforts to develop more reliable and sensitive kits for this target.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay kit is a competition enzyme-linked immunoassay designed to measure cGMP levels in cells or tissues. An anti-rabbit IgG was pre-coated onto a microplate. The cGMP in test sample competes with cGMP-HRP for binding to an anti-cGMP rabbit monoclonal antibody. Following incubation and wash step, an ultra-sensitive substrate TMB is added for color development. Because of the competitive nature of this assay, the color intensity is inversely proportional to the quantity of sample cGMP levels. Measurement of absorbance using the cGMP Standard allows calculating the absolute amount of cGMP in a sample. This assay provides a flexible, accurate, simple, and time-saving approach for cGMP detection.

KIT CONTENT AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

PART	PART#	DESCRIPTION	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED
Precoated Microplate			Return unused wells to the foil pouch. Reseal along the entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C.
cGMP Standard	TBS2074B		Aliquot and store at -20 °C for up to 1 month in a manual defrost freezer. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Detection A	TBS2074C	110 μL of cGMP-HRP (25x).	
Detection B	TBS2074D	1.1 mL of anti-cGMP antibody (5x).	Marchanstand fragments 2 merutia at 2.0 %C
Assay Diluent	TBS2074E	20 mL of a buffered protein base with preservatives.	May be stored for up to 3 months at 2-8 °C.
Wash Buffer	TBS3000W	12 mL of concentrated solution (10x)	
TMB Substrate	TBS3000T	12 mL of ultra-sensitive TMB substrate.	
Stop Solution	TBS3000S	6 mL of 2 N sulfuric acid.	

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date.

The kit contains sufficient materials to run an ELISA on one 96 well plate.

PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer: Add 12 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x) to 108 mL of deionized distilled water to prepare 120 mL of Wash Buffer (*If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved*).

Detection A working solution: Dilute 100 µL of Detection A stock into 2.4 mL Assay Buffer

Detection B working solution: Dilute 1 mL of Detection B stock into 4.0 mL Assay Buffer.

cGMP Standard Preparation: Label test tubes as #1 through #8. Pipet 180 µL of 1x Assay Diluent into tubes #1to #8 as diagram below.

1. Add 20 μL of the cGMP Standard stock solution (1 $\mu M)$ to tube #1 and mix.

2. Make 10x serial dilutions of the standard using Tube #1(100 nM standard solution) from Tube #2 through #7 with sequential transfer of 20 μ L to the next concentration. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The standard concentration in tube #1 through #7 will be 100000, 10000, 1000, 100, 10, 1, and 0.pM. Tube# 8 is 0 pM.

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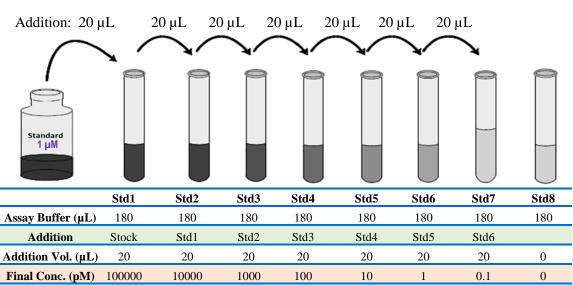


Fig.1 Diagram for cGMP standard preparation

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, controls, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

- 1. Add $50\,\mu$ L of cGMP standard, or sample, or control to each well.
- 2. Add 25 μ L of Detection A working solution (cGMP-HRP) to the above standard, sample and control well, thoroughly mix.
- 3. Add 50 μ L of Detection B working solution (anti-cGMP antibody) to each well, except the control well. Add 50 μ L assay diluent to the control well.
- 4. Cover the plate and incubate at **RT for 2 hours with gentle shaking.**
- 5. Discard the liquid and blot the plate against clean paper towels.
- 6. Wash 3 times with 300 μL Wash Buffer (*Complete removal of the liquid at each step is essential to good performance*). After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 7. Add 100 µL of **TMB Substrate** to each well. Incubate at **RT for 10-20 minutes with shaking** (*Protect from light*). The color becomes blue.
- 8. Add $50 \,\mu\text{L}$ of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the well should change from blue to yellow (gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing).
- 9. Determine the optical density of each well within 20 minutes, using a microplate reader at 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 542 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 542 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve using computer software capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the Y-axis against the concentration on the X-axis and draw a best-fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the human concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. Fig. 2 is an example of typical Data.

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SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose (MOD) of cGMP is typically 1 pM. The Intra-assay CV and the Inter-assay CV are <10%.

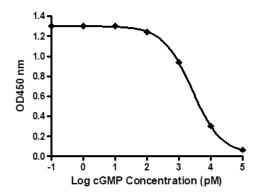
SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes cGMP. No cross-reactivity with others.

RELATIVE PRODUCTS

cAMP ELISA Fluorometric Assay (TBS2081) cGMP ELISA Colorimetric Assay (TBS2073) Human p-Tau-217 ELISA (TBS3293) Human p-Tau-181 ELISA (TBS3294) Human Total Tau ELISA (TBS3295) Human p-Tau-231 ELISA (TBS3296) Human AD7c NTP (TBS3297) Human Amyloid 640 ELISA (TBS3298) Human NF-L ELISA (TBS32101) Human Total Amyloid ß ELISA (TBS32104) Human UCHL1/PGP9.5 ELISA (TBS32107) Human Gamma H2AX ELISA (TBS3265) Human H2AX ELISA (TBS3266) Human IL-4 ELISA (TBS3221) Human IL-4 ELISA (TBS3221) Human IL-6 ELISA (TBS3223) Human IL-7 ELISA (TBS3224) Human IL-8 ELISA (TBS3225) Human IL-10 ELISA (TBS3226) Human IL-13 ELISA (TBS3227) Human IL-17 ELISA (TBS3228) Human IL-22 ELISA (TBS3229) Human IL-33 ELISA (TBS4245) Human IFN-gamma ELISA (TBS3230) Human TGF- B1 ELISA (TBS3232) Human GM-CSF ELISA (TBS3233)

Fig2. cGMP Standard Curve



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