

Ultra-sensitive Human VASN/ SLITL2 Fast ELISA

For the quantitation of human VASN concentrations as low as 1.0 pg/mL in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.

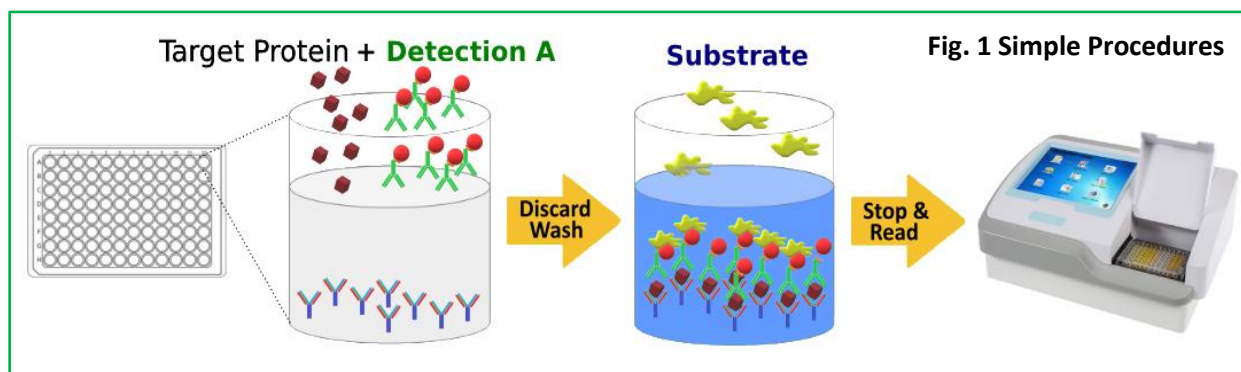
INTRODUCTION

Vasorin (VASN) is a typical type I membrane protein. It contains 1 EGF-like domain, 1 fibronectin type-III domain, 10 LRR (leucine-rich) repeats, 1 LRRCT domain and 1 LRRNT domain. Vasorin is predominantly expressed in vascular smooth muscle cells, and that its expression is developmentally regulated. It directly binds to transforming growth factor (TGF)- β and attenuates TGF- β signaling in vitro. This suggests that down-regulation of vasorin expression contributes to neointimal formation after vascular injury and that vasorin modulates cellular responses to pathological stimuli in the vessel wall.

The Tribio® Ultra- sensitive Human VASN Fast ELISA is a solid phase ELISA designed to measure human VASN levels in cell culture supernatants, serum, and plasma. The main feature is that **the kit uses our novel proprietary approaches to combine samples and detection into a one-step instead of the complicated traditional methods. It makes the assay simple, easy, accurate and ultra-sensitive. The measurement can detect the concentration as low as 1.0 pg/mL, and finished in 2 hours, not need 5-6 hours (Fig. 1). The detection range is from 1.0 to 2048 pg/mL.** The levels of human VASN samples are parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards linearly. Therefore, the kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural human VASN protein.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for human VASN was pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells, and then, incubated with an HRP-conjugated detection antibody specific for human VASN. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibodies and samples, an **ultra-sensitive TMB substrate solution** is added to the wells for color development. The color intensity is in proportion to the amount of VASN bound in the initial step. The intensity of the color is measured by plate read at 450 nm.



KIT CONTENT AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

PART	PART#	DESCRIPTION	STORAGE CONDITIONS
Human VASN Microplate	TBS3246A	96 well strip microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody specific for human VASN.	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack. Reseal along the entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C.
Human VASN Standard	TBS3246B	100 μ L of Recombinant human VASN protein (20480 pg/mL).	Aliquot and store at -20 °C for up to 1 month in a manual defrost the freezer. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Detection A	TBS3246C	2.2 ml of HRP-Human VASN antibody.	May be stored for up to 3 months at 2-8 °C.*
Assay Diluent	TBS3246D	12 ml of a buffered protein base with preservatives.	
Wash Buffer	TBS3000W	12 ml of concentrated solution (10x).	
TMB Substrate	TBS3000T	12 ml of ultra-sensitive TMB substrate.	
Stop Solution	TBS3000S	6 ml of 2 N sulfuric acid.	

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration dates.

The kit contains sufficient materials to run an ELISA on one 96 well plate.

PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

REAGENT PREPARATION

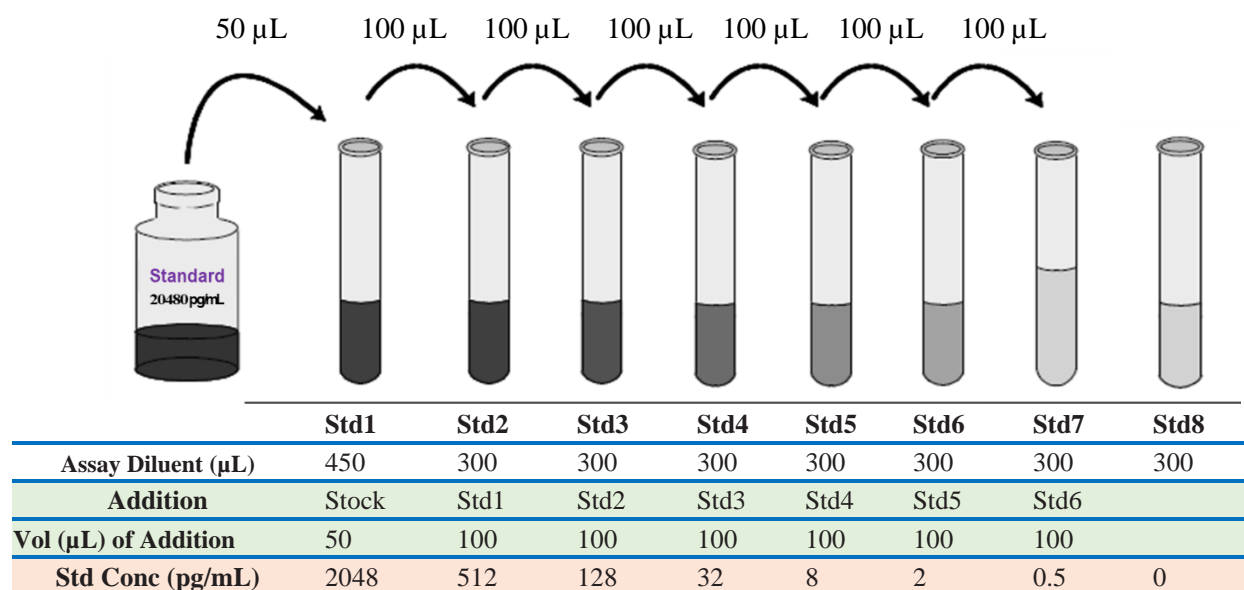
Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer: Add 10 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x) to 90 mL of deionized distilled water to prepare 100 mL of Wash Buffer (*If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.*)

Human VASN Standard Preparation:

1. Label test tubes as #1 through #8. Pipet 450 μL of 1x Assay Diluent into tube #1, and 300 μL into tubes #2 to #8 as diagram below (Fig2.).
2. Add 50 μL of the Human VASN Standard stock solution (100 ng/mL) to tube #1 and mix completely.
3. Take 100 μL of the Human VASN standard from tube #1 to tube #2 and mix completely. Repeat 3 x serial dilutions for tubes #3 through #7. The standard concentration in tube 1 through 7 will be 2048, 512, 128, 32, 8, 2 and 0.5 pg/mL. Tube# 8 is Standard 0.

Fig. 2: Standard Preparation



ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, controls, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

1. Add 80 μL of standard, sample, or control per well.
2. Add 20 μL of **Detection A** to the above standard and sample of each well, thoroughly mix. Cover with the adhesive sealer. Incubate at **4°C for overnight if VASN concentration in a sample is less than 10 pg/mL. Otherwise, incubate for 2 hours at RT.**
3. Aspirate each well, and wash for 3 times by filling each well with 300 μL Wash Buffer (*Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance*). After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
4. Add 100 μL of **TMB Substrate** to each well. Incubate **at RT for 10-20min** (*Protect from light*). The color becomes blue.
5. Add 50 μL of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the well should change from blue to yellow (gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing).
6. Determine the optical density of each well within 5 minutes, using a microplate reader at 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve using computer software capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the Y-axis against the concentration on the X-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the human VASN concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is provided for demonstration only as Fig.3. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

SENSITIVITY

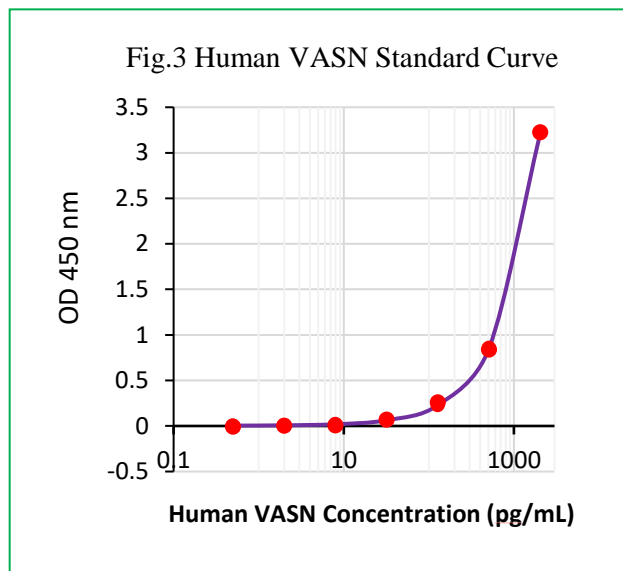
The minimum detectable dose (MOD) of human VASN is typically 1.0pg/ml.

SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant human VASN.

RELATIVE PRODUCTS

- Human IL-1 β ELISA (TBS3219)
- Human IL-2 ELISA (TBS3220)
- Human IL-4 ELISA (TBS3221)
- Human IL-6 ELISA (TBS3223)
- Human IL-7 ELISA (TBS3224)
- Human IL-8 ELISA (TBS3225)
- Human IL-10 ELISA (TBS3226)
- Human IL-13 ELISA (TBS3227)
- Human IL-17 ELISA (TBS3228)
- Human IL-18 ELISA (TBS3239)
- Human IL-22 ELISA (TBS3229)
- Human IFN- γ ELISA (TBS3230)
- Human TGF- β 1 ELISA (TBS3232)
- Human GM-CSF ELISA (TBS3233)
- Human MIP-1 α ELISA (TBS3234)
- Human IL-33 ELISA (TBS3245)
- Protein Cell Lysis Buffer (catalog# TBS5001)
- Protein Assay Kit (Catalog# TBS2005)
- TMB Substrate System (Catalog#TBS5021)



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