Fast Human IL-10 ELISA kit

For the quantitation of human IL-10 concentrations in cell culture supernatants, serum, and plasma.

INTRODUCTION

Interleukin 10 (IL-10) is a anti-inflammatory cytokine which belongs to the IL-10 family. IL-10 is mainly expressed in monocytes and Type 2 T helper cells (TH2), mast cells, CD4+CD25+Foxp3+ regulatory T cells. IL-10 has pleiotropic effects in immunoregulation and inflammation. It can block NF-kappa B activity, and is involved in the regulation of the JAK-STAT signaling pathway. IL-10 inhibits the synthesis of numbers of cytokines, including IFN-gamma, IL-2, IL-3, TNF and GM-CSF produced by activated macrophages and by helper T-cells.

The Fast Human IL-10 ELISA is a solid phase ELISA designed to measure human IL-10 levels in cell culture supernatants, serum, and plasma. The main feature is that the kit uses our novel proprietary approaches to combine samples and detections into a one-step instead of the complicated traditional methods. It makes the assay simple, easy, accurate and fast. The measurement can be finished in 1 hours, not 5-6 hours (Fig. 1). The detection arrange is from 8 to 2000pg/mL. The levels of human IL-10 samples are parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards linearly. These results indicate that this kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural human IL-10 protein.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs our novel proprietary sandwich enzyme immunoassay techniques (See Fig. 1). A monoclonal antibody specific for human IL-10 was pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards or samples and detection antibody are pipetted into the wells, then, concurrently incubated to form a sandwich complex in one-step. Simply aspirate each well without wash, directly add Streptavidin-HRP into the complex. Following a wash, an ultra-sensitive TMB substrate solution is added to the wells for color develops. The color intensity is in proportion to the amount of IL-10 bound in the initial step. The intensity of the color is measured by plate read at 450 nm.

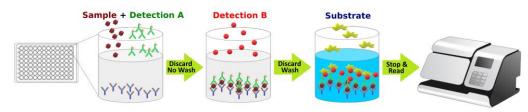


Fig.1 Simple ELISA procedure.

KIT CONTENT AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

PART	PART#	DESCRIPTION	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED
Human IL-10 Microplate			The unused wells can be stored in the sealed foil pouch containing the desiccant pack for up to 1 month at 2-8 °C.
Human IL-10 Standard	TBS3226B		Aliquot and store at -20 °C for up to 1 month in a manual defrost freezer. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Detection A	TBS3226C	2.2 mL of human IL-10 antibody.	
Detection B	TBS3226D	120 μL of Streptavidin-HRP	May be stored for up to
Assay Diluent	TBS3226E	12 mL of a buffered protein base with preservatives.	3 months at 2-8 °C.
10x Wash Buffer	TBS3000W	12 mL of concentrated solution (10x).	
TMB Substrate	TBS3000T	12 mL of ultra-sensitive TMB substrate.	
Stop Solution	TBS3000S	6 mL of 2 N sulfuric acid.	

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use past kit expiration date. The kit contains sufficient materials to run an ELISA on one 96 well plate.

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PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer: Add 10 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x) to 90 mL of deionized distilled water to prepare 100 mL of Wash Buffer (*If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.*).

Human IL-10 Standard Preparation:

1. Label test tubes as #1 through #8. Pipet 980 μL of 1x Assay Diluent into tube #1, and 600 μL into tubes #2 to #8 as diagram below.

2. Add 20 µL of the Human IL-10 Standard stock solution (100ng/mL) by dilution of 50X to tube #1 and mix.

3. Make 2.5x serial dilutions of the standard using the 2000pg/mL standard solution from tube #2 through #7 with sequential transfer of $400 \,\mu\text{L}$ to the next concentration. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The standard concentration in tube 1 through 7 will be 2000, 800, 320, 128, 51.2, 20.48 and 8.192 pg/mL. Tube# 8 is Standard 0.

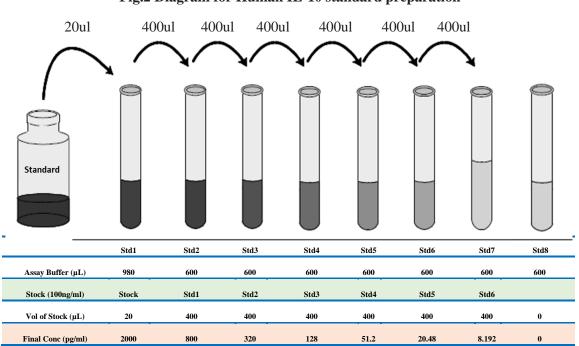


Fig.2 Diagram for Human IL-10 standard preparation

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, controls, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

- 1. Add 80 µL of standard, sample, or control per well.
- 2. Add 20 μ L of **Detection A** to the above standard and sample of each well, thoroughly mix. Cover with the adhesive sealer. Incubate at **RT for 45 min.**
- 3. Aspirate each well (*no wash*). Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 4. Add 100 µL of **Detection B** to each well. Incubate at **RT for 20min.**
- 5. Aspirate each well, and wash for 3 times by filling each well with 300 µL Wash Buffer (*Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance*). After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- Add 100μL of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate at RT for 10-20min (*Protect from light*). The color becomes blue. If the color is light, the incubation time can be longer.

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- 7. Add $50\,\mu\text{L}$ of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the well should change from blue to yellow (gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing).
- 8. Determine the optical density of each well within 5 minutes, using a microplate reader at 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve using computer software capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the Y-axis against the concentration on the X-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the human IL-10 concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve ($R^2=0.998$) is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose (MOD) of human IL-10 is typically 6.5 pg/ml.

The Intra-CV is 5.39%, the Inter-CV is < 12%.

SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant human IL-10.

No-cross reactivity: Human IL-10 Rα; Human IL-10 Rβ/Fc Chimera; Human IL-22; Human IL-24; rat IL-10; feline IL-10; mouse IL-10; porcine IL-10.

RELATIVE PRODUCTS

Human IL-1ß ELISA (TBS3219) Human IL-2 ELISA (TBS3220) Human IL-4 ELISA (TBS3221) Human IL-6 ELISA (TBS3223) Human IL-7 ELISA (TBS3224) Human IL-8 ELISA (TBS3225) Human IL-13 ELISA (TBS3227) Human IL-17 ELISA (TBS3228) Human IL-22 ELISA (TBS3229) Human IFN-gamma ELISA (TBS3230) Human TGF- B1 ELISA (TBS3232) Human GM-CSF ELISA (TBS3233) Human MIP-1a ELISA (TBS3234) Human TNF-σ ELISA (TBS3235)

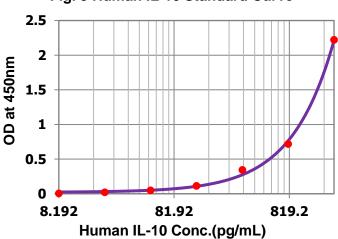


Fig. 3 Human IL-10 Standard Curve

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.