DESCRIPTION

Glycerol is a central component for the synthesis of all lipids, and acts as a backbone for triglycerides and phospholipids. It is released from triglycerides as the product of lipolysis. The measurements of circulating glycerol are useful parameters to evaluate lipolysis under various conditions in clinical studies.

Tribioscience's Glycerol Colorimetric Assay kit is a robust, simple, and high throughput method based on coupled enzyme reactions. Glycerol is phosphorylated and oxidized to generate hydrogen peroxide, which is catalyzed and reacts with the probe measured by the colorimetric method at OD = 570 nm.

ASSAY PRINCIPLE



APPLICATIONS

This assay can detect as low as $1 \mu g/mL$ of glycerol in a variety of biological samples, including food, beverage, cell culture medium, cell lysate, tissues and serum, and plasma samples.

KIT CONTENTS

Name	Size (100 tests)
Glycerol standard (100 µg/mL)	250 μL
Enzyme Mix (10X)	800 μL
Glycerol assay buffer	12 mL
Glycerol Probe	80 µL

STORAGE AND HANDLING

Store kit at -20°C. Shelf life of 12 months.

ASSAY PROTOCOL

Except Enzyme, warm all the components to room temperature before use. Briefly centrifuge all small vials prior to opening.

1. Sample Preparation:

Serum and plasma can be tested directly. Tissue and cells can be homogenized in glycerol assay buffer. Centrifuge for 2 to 5 minutes at top speed of a microcentrifuge. Collect the supernatant.

2. Standard Curve Preparations:

	Glycerol	Assay	Glycerol Conc
Tube	Addition (µL)	Buffer (µL)	(µg/mL)
1	100 µL of stock	100 µL	50
2	100 µL of Tube#1	100 µL	25
3	100 µL of Tube#2	100 µL	12.5
4	100 µL of Tube#3	100 µL	6.25
5	100 µL of Tube#4	100 µL	3.12
6	100 µL of Tube#5	100 µL	1.56
7	100 µL of Tube#6	100 µL	0.78
8	0	100 µL	0

Add 20 μ L/well of the standards and the samples.

3. Glycerol Reaction Mix: Prepare enough mix for 100 tests as the table below and mix well.

Glycerol Reaction Mix	Volume
Glycerol assay buffer	7.2 mL
Enzyme Mix (10X)	800 µL
Glycerol Probe	60 µL

Add 80 μ L of the Glycerol Reaction Mix to each well containing the glycerol standards and the test samples. Tap plate lightly to mix.

4. Incubation: Incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes with gentle agitation and protect from light.

5. Measurement: Measure OD at 570 nm.

6. Calculation: Correct background by subtracting the value of the 0 Glycerol standard (blank) from all standard readings. Plot the value against standard concentration. Determine the slope using linear regression fitting.

Typical standard curve is y=Ax+B, A is the slope and B is the y-intercept. X is concentration.

$Glycerol = N^* [(OD_{sample} - OD_{blank}) - B] /A (\mu g/mL)$

 OD_{sample} and OD_{blank} are optical density values of the sample and the buffer.

(Note: If unknown sample results over standard curve range, dilute sample with assay buffer. Repeat the assay; multiply the results by the dilution factor N.)

The typical glycerol standard curve displayed as below:

Glycerol Standard Curve



RELATED PRODUCTS

Glycerol Fluorometric Assay (TBS2204F) Triglyceride Colorimetric Assay (TBS2205C) Triglyceride Fluorometric Assay (TBS2205F) Pyruvate Colorimetric Assay (TBS2023C) Pvruvate Fluorometric Assav (TBS2023F) LDH Cytotoxicity Assay (TBS2002) ATP Colorimetric/Fluorometric Assay (TBS2010) ADP Colorimetric/Fluorometric Assay (TBS2020) Cell Count Kit -8 (TBS2022) XTT Cell Viability Assay (TBS2021) Caspase-3 Colorimetric Assay (TBS2030) Thiol Fluorometric Assay (TBS2026) GSH Assay (TBS2028) Homocysteine Fluorometric Assay (TBS2091) NNMT Inhibitor Screening Assay (TBS2097) NNMT Activity Fluorometric Assay (TBS2098) G6PDH Activity Colorimetric Assay (TBS2102) Cytochrome c Reductase Activity Assay (TBS2116)

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