

Tribo™ Tryptase Activity Assay (Catalog# TBS2101)

DESCRIPTION

Tryptase, a tetrameric serine proteinase, has emerged as the major component of mast cell granules, comprising up to 20% of the total protein of mast cells derived from lung, colon, and skin tissue. Because it is stored almost exclusively in mast cells, tryptase is a popular indicator of mast cell activation and a target for therapeutic intervention in allergic diseases.

The Tribo™ Tryptase Activity Assay Kit provides a quick, efficient, and sensitive system for evaluation of tryptase activity in cell lysates, supernatants or for inhibitor screening.

APPLICATION

- Cell culture supernatants, cell lysates or other tryptase-containing samples.
- Testing of purified tryptase enzyme, in vitro inhibitor screening.
- Cell degranulation.

FEATURES

- Sensitive and accurate: The Kit detects as low as 10µM in solution.
- Simple and high-throughput: The procedure is easily adapted to automation with no separation required as a high-throughput assay.

KIT CONTENTS (100 assay)

Component	Amount
5x Assay Buffer	10 mL
Tryptase inhibitor	200 µL
Tryptase Substrate	2 mL
pNA Standard	100 µL (10 mM)
Calcium Ionophore	50 µL(1mM)
Tryptase Positive Control	200 µL (10 µg/ mL)

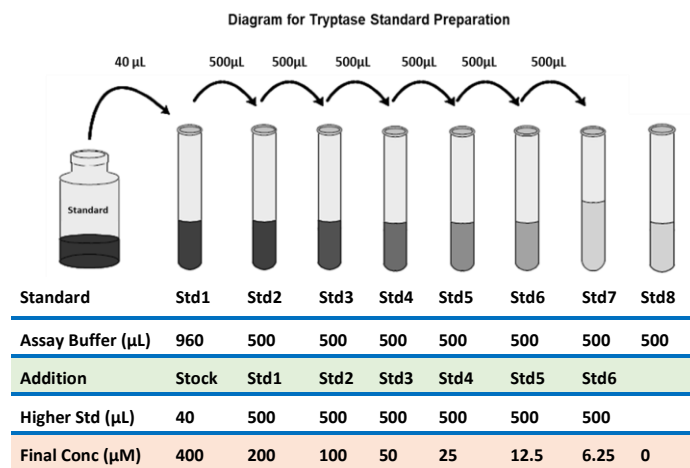
Storage conditions: Store the kit at -20°C, protected from light. Shelf life: 6 months.

PROCEDURES

Reagent Preparation:

1. Tryptase Positive Control: Thaw vial at 2-8°C. Aliquot and store at -20°C up to the vial's expiration date. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.
2. 5X Assay Buffer: Dilute the 5X Assay Buffer to 1x working buffer with deionized water.
3. Tryptase Inhibitor: Thaw vial at 2-8°C. Aliquot and store at -20°C up to the vial's expiration date. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

4. pNA Standard Preparation as below Diagram:
 - a. Label 1.5mL tube from Std1 to 8. As below the diagram.
 - b. Add 960 µL of 1x Assay Buffer to Std1, and 500 µL to Std2 to 8.
 - c. Take 40 µL of 10mM pNA Standard Stock solution to Std1, and fully mix, then add 500µL of Std1 to Std2, then make 2x series dilution in Std3 through 7. Std8 is 1x Assay Buffer alone as a standard 0. The standard concentration range is 400, 200, 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25µM, and 0.



5. Tryptase Positive Control: **A)** Make a 1.0 µg/mL Tryptase Positive Control by diluting the 10.0 µg/mL stock solution in 1X Assay Buffer; **B)** add 180 µL of the Positive Control (1.0 µg/mL) to the wells as a positive control; **C)** Finally, add 20 µL of reconstituted Tryptase Substrate (see **Assay Procedures**) to each well. Mix well and incubate 1-2 hrs at 37°C. Note: Assay incubation times may be extended for higher sensitivity. **D)** Read OD at 405 nm in a microplate reader.
6. Calcium Ionophore: The Calcium Ionophore should be pre-diluted in DMSO prior to usage (recommended final concentration of 1.0 - 500 nM). Note: For best stability, only dilute the required volume of Calcium Ionophore; retain the rest as stock solution.
7. Tryptase Inhibitor: The Tryptase Inhibitor may be diluted in 1X Assay Buffer prior to usage (recommended final concentration of 1.0 - 100 µM). Note: For best stability, only dilute the required volume of Tryptase Inhibitor; retain the rest as stock solution.

Preparation of Mast Cell Samples:

8. Samples are isolated and prepared from areas known to contain a high percentage of mast cells with suitable isolation techniques.
9. After isolating the cells, wash the cells with 1X Assay Buffer. Remove the solution, and resuspend the cells with 1X Assay Buffer.
10. Count and adjust the cell concentration to 1.0 – 10.0 x 10⁶ cells/mL with 1X Assay Buffer.

11. Add 1.0 mL of the cell suspension to a microcentrifuge tube.
12. For treatment with calcium ionophore, add 10 μL of solution (see Preparation of Reagents Section) to the cell suspension (recommended final concentration of 1.0 – 500 nM).
13. For treatment with trypsin inhibitor, add 10 μL of solution (see Preparation of Reagents Section) to the cell suspension (recommended final concentration of 1.0 – 100 μM).
14. Incubate the cells in a 37°C, 5% CO₂ incubator for 60 minutes.
15. Collection of trypsin sample:
 - A. Supernatant: Centrifuge the cell suspension at 700 x g. Carefully collect the supernatant, leaving the cell pellet. Store at 2° to 8°C.
 - B. Lysate: Centrifuge the cell suspension at 700 x g. Carefully aspirate the supernatant and discard. Wash cell pellet once with cold PBS. Centrifuge and discard supernatant. Resuspend the pellet in 1mL of 1X Assay Buffer. Sonicate the suspension with a pulse sonicator until cells are thoroughly lysed. Centrifuge down the cell debris, collecting the lysate sample. Store at 2° to 8°C.

ASSAY PROCEDURES

1. Prepare assay mixture in a 96-well microliter plate or standard microcentrifuge tubes, according to the following table as a guide for preparing and assay samples and controls.

Sample	Assay Mixture			Trypsin Substrate	Total Volume
	Trypsin Sample	Inhibitor	1X Assay Buffer		
Buffer Blank	0 μL	0 μL	200 μL	0 μL	200 μL
Substrate Blank	0 μL	0 μL	180 μL	20 μL	200 μL
Standard	0 μL	0 μL	0 μL	0 μL	200 μL
Test Sample	180 μL or X	0 μL	(180-X) μL	20 μL	200 μL
Sample+ Inhibitor (optional)	180 μL or X	Y μL	180-(X+Y) μL	20 μL	200 μL

X = volume of cell lysate sample added if less than 180 μL .
 Y = volume of inhibitor added.

2. Initiate the colorimetric reaction by adding 20 μL of the Trypsin Substrate to each test and control well (*Note: DO NOT add the substrate to standard wells*).
3. Incubate samples for 1-2 hours at 37°C (*Note: Assay incubation times may be extended for higher sensitivity; the recommendation time is 90 mins*).
4. Read OD at 405 nm in a microplate reader (*Note: Background reading from cell lysates, supernatants and buffers should be subtracted from the readings before calculating fold increase in trypsin activity*).

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

The following chart illustrates typical results including dilutions of the pNA Standard (Fig.1) and the activity curve of the Trypsin Positive Control (Fig.2) in the kit. Optical Density (OD) values obtained with the Assay Kit may be compared with known standards or other test samples to obtain relative activities. One should use the data below for reference only.

Note: pH value of assay buffer effects on the trypsin activity displayed in Fig.3. The kit assay buffer was optimized to achieve best result.

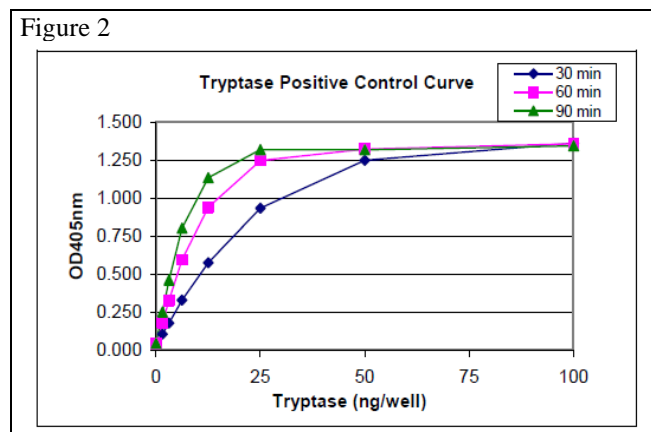
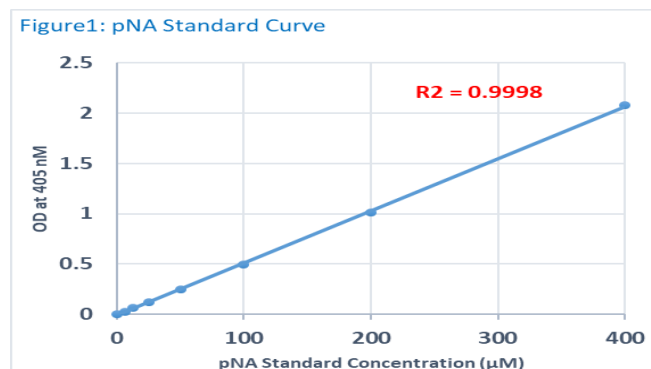
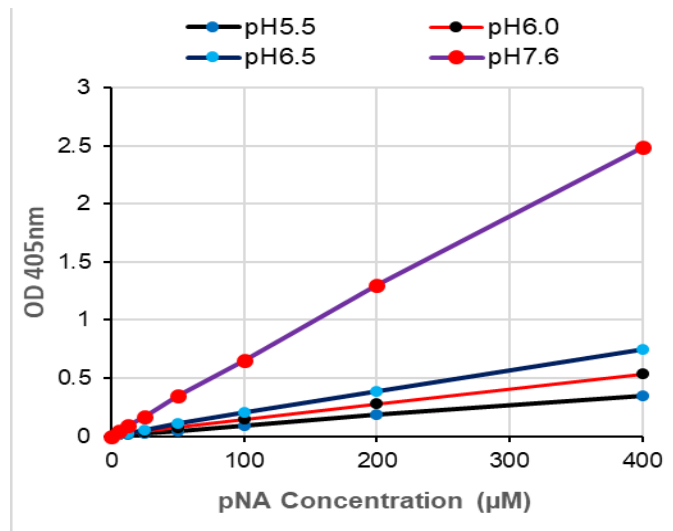


Fig.3: Effects of pH Value on Trypsin Activity



REFERENCES

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- He, S., Gaca, M., and Walls, A. (1998) *The Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics*. 286, 289-297.
- Greenfeder, S., et al. (2003) *Biotechniques*. 34, 910-914.

RELATED PRODUCTS

- β -Hexosaminidase Activity Assay (TBS2105)
- Cytochrome C Oxidase Activity Assay (TBS2115)
- Fast Glucose Determination Colorimetric/Fluorometric Assay (TBS2087)
- Glucose Oxidase Activity Colorimetric/Fluorometric Assay (TBS2088)
- Non-esterified Fatty Acid Assay (TBS2203)
- Glycerol Colorimetric / Fluorometric Assay (TBS2204)
- Protein Assay Kits (TBS2005)
- Cell Nuclear Extract kit (TBS6025)